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Progress towards understanding the H-dibaryon from lattice QCD

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Significant experimental and theoretical efforts to determine the existence and nature of the H-dibaryon have been underway since its prediction in 1977. Yet, conclusive evidence for such a bound state is still lacking. Results from various lattice QCD calculations show substantial disagreement for the binding energy. Since there is no conclusive evidence for or against the existence of a bound H-dibaryon, the Mainz group has joined the effort towards resolving the discrepancies. In this talk, I will first give an overview of the recent results from the Mainz group obtained in two-flavor QCD. I will then discuss work that has been done towards ensuring that the baryon-baryon operators used in the H-dibaryon studies transform irreducibly under the relevant little group. Finally, the prospects of extensions to $N_f=2+1$ and the use of distillation for moving frames will be examined.

Primary author: Dr HANLON, Andrew (Helmholtz-Institut Mainz, JGU)

Co-authors: Dr FRANCIS, Anthony (CERN); Dr MIAO, Chuan (Helmholtz-Institut Mainz, JGU); Prof. WITTIG, Hartmut (Johannes Gutenberg Universität); Dr GREEN, Jeremy (DESY, Zeuthen); Dr JUNNARKAR, Parikshit (Tata Institute of Fundamental Research); Dr RAE, Thomas (Johannes Gutenberg Universität)

Presenter: Dr HANLON, Andrew (Helmholtz-Institut Mainz, JGU)Session Classification: Hadron Spectroscopy and Interactions

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